

# B78: unconditional offers

## University of Bristol's perspective on unconditional offers:

*We make a tiny number of unconditional offers each year where an applicant already has the qualifications needed for the course and meets all other entry requirements (as cited in our UG web pages at [www.bristol.ac.uk/study/undergraduate/after-you-apply/receiving-offer](http://www.bristol.ac.uk/study/undergraduate/after-you-apply/receiving-offer)).*

*We do not make use of unconditional offers as a recruitment strategy. We have made a conscious decision to use alternative approaches to attract the very best students to our programmes from all backgrounds – including contextual offers, a broad portfolio of programmes, and excellent student experience.*

## Definitions of offer types:

### Unconditional offer

This is an offer made by a provider where they are satisfied that an individual has demonstrated sufficient attainment and potential to succeed on their chosen programme. Based on the offer status at the 30 June application deadline.

### Conditional unconditional offer

An offer made by a provider which was originally conditional, but becomes unconditional if the applicant selects that offer as their firm (first) choice. By definition, conditional unconditional offers that are selected as a firm choice by the applicant become unconditional and are also included in the unconditional offers group (see above).

### Offer with an unconditional component

All offers showing as having an element of unconditional offer-making, that is, unconditional offers plus conditional unconditional offers that have not been selected as firm (and hence remain conditional unconditional).

### All offers

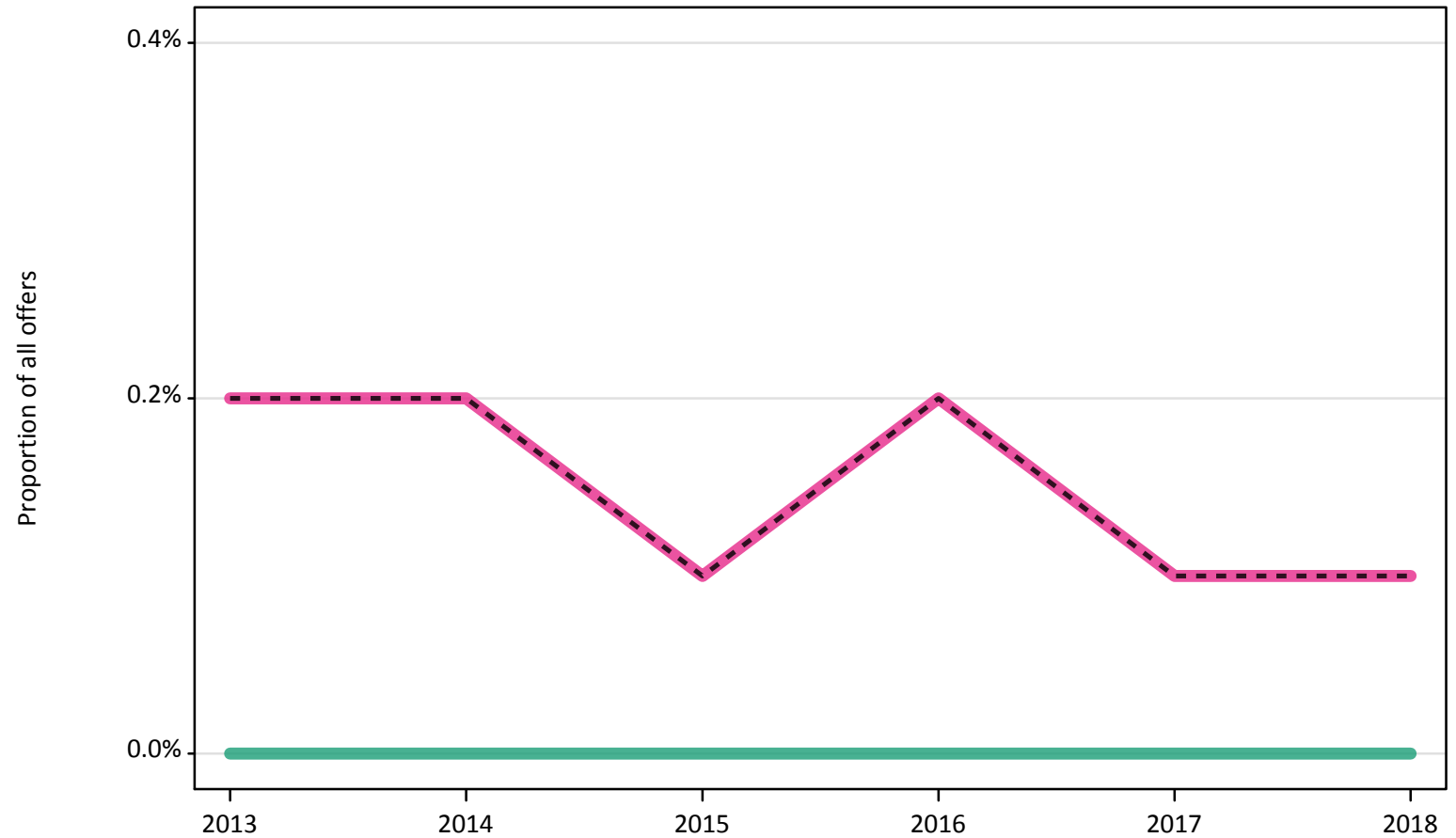
All offers made by the provider, subject to the coverage of this report. This includes conditional as well as unconditional offers to 18-year-old main scheme applicants domiciled in England, Northern Ireland, and Wales.

**Technical note:**

The coverage of this report is limited to offers made by 30 June, to 18-year-old main scheme applicants domiciled in England, Northern Ireland, and Wales. This is because these applicants are least likely to apply already having achieved a full set of qualifications typically required for undergraduate higher education.

**A.1 Proportion of all offers that are unconditional, by cycle year**

- Unconditional offers
- Conditional unconditional offers
- Offers with unconditional component



## A.2 Unconditional offers by cycle year

	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
Unconditional offers	30	30	20	30	25	10
Conditional unconditional offers	0	0	0	0	0	0
Offers with unconditional component	30	30	20	30	25	10
All offers (conditional and unconditional)	12,820	15,195	16,125	16,805	17,460	20,295

## A.3 Proportion of all offers that are unconditional, by cycle year

	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
Unconditional offers	0.2%	0.2%	0.1%	0.2%	0.1%	0.1%
Conditional unconditional offers	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Offers with unconditional component	0.2%	0.2%	0.1%	0.2%	0.1%	0.1%

Note: Percentage values are not printed in the above table if the total rounded number of offers for that year is below 100.